

January 5, 2007

Sitec Environmental Inc. 769 Plain Street Suit Unit C Marshfield, MA 02050

Attention: Mr. Mike Quatromoni

Subject: Perimeter Berm Stability

Crow Lane landfill

Newburyport, Massachusetts

Gentlemen:

In accordance with your request, we are providing geotechnical engineering services associated with the Crow Lane landfill located in Newburyport, Massachusetts.

PROJECT BACKGROUND

We understand that New Ventures Associates, LLC, as part of a Corrective Action Design, is constructing a berm around the perimeter of the landfill to establish a system of swales to convey storm water from the landfill to detention basins. The berm is to also provide a stable base for regrading the landfill. Existing waste was pushed back from wetlands abutting the landfill, so that the edge of waste is within the limits defined by the berm.

The maximum height of the perimeter berm will be about 43 feet. The average outboard slope is relatively steep (1H: 1V) and was designed with armored slope protection (18-in. thick). The berm was to be constructed using structural fill, consisting of processed crushed concrete (3-inch max. size) or crushed rock (6-inch max. size). We understand that soft, organic soils, that were known to exist in the abutting wetlands, were removed from beneath the proposed berm footprint area prior to berm construction.

Currently the berm is partially complete. GZA Geoenvironmental performed static and seismic stability analyses for the current berm geometry. However, it appears that a different material was used to construct the berm. On 3 April, 2006 Mr. Dick Stulgis (GEOCOMP Corporation) visited the site and observed conditions in 18 machine-excavated test pits that had been performed through the top of the berm around the perimeter of the landfill by New Venture Associates. The test pits ranged from several feet to in excess of 8 ft. deep. Generally, processed construction and demolition debris materials, with varying amount of fines, was observed in the test pits. Samples were collected and delivered to GEOCOMP Corporation. Samples collected included the soil-size fraction of materials without the larger pieces.

You requested that we provide a review and recommendations for impacts on the design resulting from the change in berm materials.

Geocomp Corporation 1145 Massachusetts Ave. Boxborough, MA 01719 Tel 978 635 0012 Fax 978 635 0266

SCOPE

The scope of the work included in the items covered in this letter report includes:

- 1. Review the material used in constructing the berms, recommend and perform laboratory tests to assist in evaluating impacts on the design.
- 2. Provide letter report with recommendations for design modifications to berm to accommodate the changed materials.

The work considers only the stability of the 1H:1V berm slope with a different material. We have assumed the same berm foundation conditions as used in the GZA analysis.

LABORATORY TESTING

Geotesting Express Inc. performed 11 gradation tests on the soils collected from the perimeter berm. The data sheets for the tests are attached. The following table summarizes the results.

Summary of Particle Size Analysis					
Sample	% Cobble	%Gravel	%Sand	%Silt &	
Name				Clay Size	
P2-3	-	50	37	13	
P2-6	-	37	48	15	
P2-9	-	69	24	8	
P1-3	7	49	34	10	
P1-6	-	55	35	10	
P1-9	-	51	40	9	
P16-3	0.3	95	4	1	
P16-6	-	45	49	6	
P16-9	-	51	36	14	
P16-12	17	36	35	12	
P16-15	-	48	38	14	

Typically the soil comprising the berm is brown silty gravel with sand, AASHTO Classification A-1-a Stone fragments, Gravel and Sand with larger pieces of crushed concrete, bricks and stones.

To determine the strength of the materials for the stability analysis and design of the berm, we are currently performing a Large Direct Shear test, and a compaction test on the samples. The results for these tests are not currently available. For the analysis presented in this letter, we have assumed an internal friction angle of 38 degrees for the berm soils.

Crow Land landfill January 5, 2007

PERIMETER BERM STABILTY

The strength of the materials that comprise the perimeter berm will be influenced by the presence of the silty gravel and sand that infill the voids in the crushed concrete. Although no strength data is currently available for this material, we believe that the strength for the as-built berm material is less than that assumed by GZA in their stability analysis. For the analysis performed for this report ,we have used a friction angle of 38 degrees for the structural fill in the perimeter berm. This will be confirmed by laboratory strength tests.

Minimum acceptable factor of safety values of 1.3 and 1.5 were adopted for global stability and bearing capacity failure modes, respectively, in the analyses. To achieve this factor of safety we have flattened the slopes to 1.5H:1V. The geometry is restrained by the proximity of the wetland and property boundary at the toe of the slope, and the already placed waste at the crest of the slope. In most locations it is not feasible to construct the entire berm height at the 1.5H:1V slope. We therefore steepened the upper portions of the berm using Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) construction. In MSE construction geosynthetic reinforcement is placed in layers and is used to provide a reinforcing tensile force to improve the factor of safety.

The attached figure presents a summary of the design and analysis. The elevation of the toe point of the MSE portion of the berm corresponds to the existing berm elevation on the site. This elevation varies around the perimeter of the landfill. The analysis shown in the attached figure represents the location where the berm height is the greatest. The figure shows potential slip zones thru the berm, color coded with the factor of safety. The red zone indicates the most critical zone of sliding. The minimum factor of safety of the berm shown in the figure is 1.34.

RECOMENDATIONS

The following can be concluded from the analyses:

- 1. Continuing to fill at a slope of 1H:1V will not meet the minimum acceptable factor of safety.
- 2. The existing berm slopes should be flattened to a 1.5H:1V to meet the existing height of the berm. We understand that in some locations and where the berm heights are less than approximately 20 feet that 1.5H:1V slopes may not be feasible. At these locations we recommend that the slopes be buttressed using individually placed boulder rip-rap, with a maximum thickness at the base of the slope.
- 3. To complete the berm along the westerly side of the landfill from its existing height to the proposed final elevations, and meet the geometrical constraints, we recommend Mechanically Stabilized Earth (MSE) berms be constructed, as shown in the attached figure. MSE construction techniques are also recommended for the southerly berm which is currently designed for construction at a 1H:1V slope.

This work and its conclusions are based on information and data provided by Sitec Environmental. Our conclusions and recommendations are predicated on this information and data being accurate, complete and representative. Should additional information exist or become available which could alter the information and data provided to us, or the interpretation of such, our conclusions and recommendations should be reconsidered.

Crow Land landfill January 5, 2007

Sincerely yours, GEOCOMP CORPORATION

Make Hanks

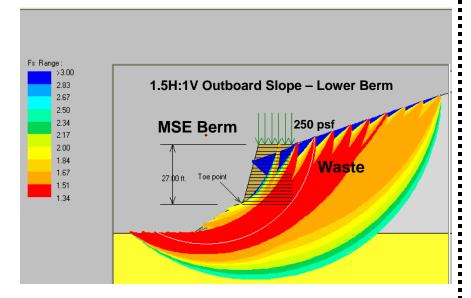
Martin Hawkes, P.E. Project Engineer

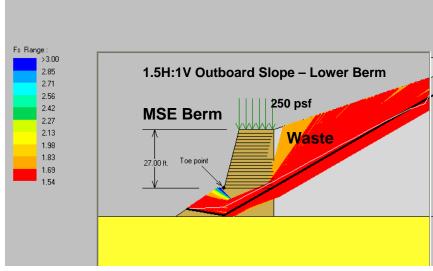
Perimeter Berm Summary od Stability Analysis Attachments:

Laboratory Test data

Circular Failure

Non-Circular Failure





Notes: 1. Length of reinforcement = 22 ft. bottom/16 ft. top.

2. Ultimate strength of reinforcement = 4,000 lb/ft bottom 6 layers; 3,000 lb/ft top 12 layers [vertical spacing = 18 in.].



Crow Lane Landfill Newburyport, MA

Summary of Stability Analyses

January 2007



Newburyport, Ma Project No: Boring ID: ---Sample Type: bag Tested By: Sample ID:P2-3 Test Date: 12/19/06 Checked By:

Test Id:

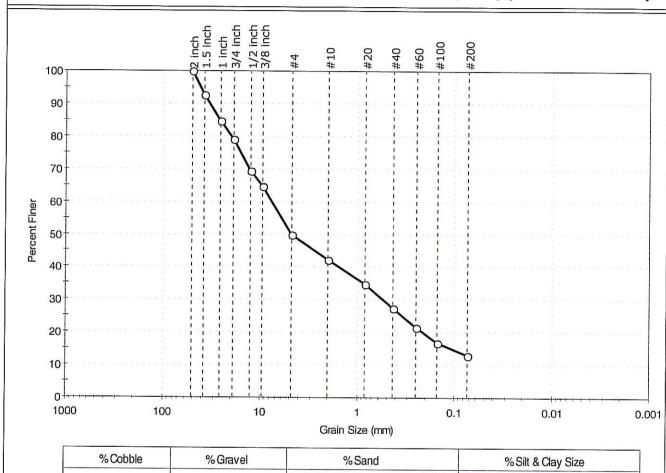
104950

Depth: Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, reddish gray, silty gravel with sand

Sample Comment:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	%Gravel	%Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
-	50.1	37.0	12.9

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
2 inch	50.80	100		
1.5 inch	38.10	93		
1 inch	25.70	85		
3/4 Inch	19.00	79	-	- Control
1/2 inch	12.70	69		
3/8 Inch	9.51	64		
#4	4.75	50		
#4	4.75	50		
#10	2.00	42		
#20	0.84	35		
#40	0.42	28		
#60	0.25	22		
#100	0.15	17		
#200	0.074	13		

<u>Coefficients</u>				
D ₈₅ = 26.1302 mm	$D_{30} = 0.5340 \text{ mm}$			
D ₆₀ = 7.6798 mm	D ₁₅ =0.1081 mm			
D ₅₀ =4.7632 mm	D ₁₀ =0.0437 mm			
$C_u = N/A$	$C_c = N/A$			

GTX-7199

<u>ASTM</u>	<u>Classification</u> N/A
<u>AASHTO</u>	Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



Location: Newburyport, Ma Boring ID: ---

Sample Type: bag Test Date: 12/19/06 Checked By: mcm

Project No: GTX-7199

Tested By: mll

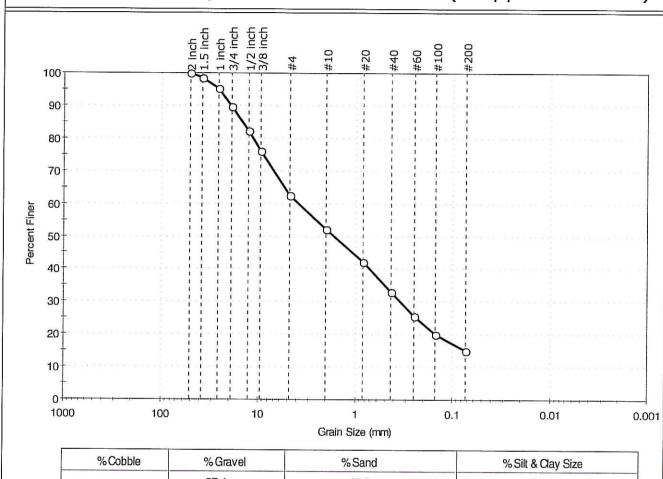
Sample ID:P2-6 Depth: Test Id: 104951

Test Comment:

Sample Description: Moist, dark grayish brown silty sand with gravel

Sample Comment:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
_	37.4	47.5	15.1

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
2 inch	50.80	100		
1.5 Inch	38.10	99		
1 inch	25.70	95		-10-0
3/4 Inch	19.00	90		
1/2 Inch	12.70	82		
3/8 inch	9.51	76		
#4	4.75	63		- Samuel
#10	2.00	52		
#20	0.84	42		
#40	0.42	33		
#60	0.25	26	-	
#100	0.15	20		
#200	0.074	15		

<u>Coefficients</u>			
D ₈₅ =14.6622 mm	$D_{30} = 0.3426 \text{ mm}$		
D ₆₀ =3.8108 mm	$D_{15} = N/A$		
D ₅₀ =1.6418 mm	$D_{10} = N/A$		
$C_u = N/A$	C _c =N/A		

<u>ASTM</u>	N/A
AASHTO	Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-b (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



Location: Newburyport, Ma

Project No: Sample Type: bag Tested By:

104952

GTX-7199

Boring ID: ---Sample ID:P2-9

Test Date: Test Id: 12/21/06 Checked By:

v. mcm

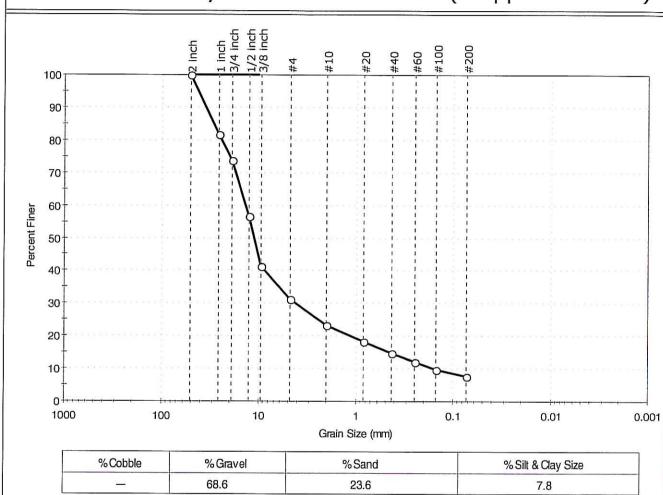
Depth: ---Test Comment:

Dry,brown, gravel with silt and sand

Sample Comment: --

Sample Description:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
	0.00	100		
2 inch	50.80	100		3.5 37.
1 inch	25.70	82		330-17
3/4 Inch	19.00	74		Appropriate Control of the Control o
1/2 Inch	12.70	57		
3/8 Inch	9.51	41		
#4	4.75	31		
#10	2.00	23		
#20	0.84	18		
#40	0.42	15		
#60	0.25	12		
#100	0.15	10		
#200	0.074	8		**************************************

<u>Coefficients</u>				
D ₈₅ = 28.9662 mm	$D_{30} = 4.1013 \text{ mm}$			
D ₆₀ = 13.7584 mm	D ₁₅ =0.4459 mm			
D ₅₀ = 11.2138 mm	$D_{10} = 0.1583 \text{ mm}$			
$C_u = 86.913$	$C_c = 7.723$			

<u>ASTM</u>	Classification N/A	
<u>AASHTO</u>	Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))	

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



Location: Newburyport, Ma

Project No:
Sample Type: bag Tested By:

Tested By: mll
Checked By: mcm

GTX-7199

Test Date: 12/21/06 Test Id: 104953

Test Comment:

Boring ID: ---

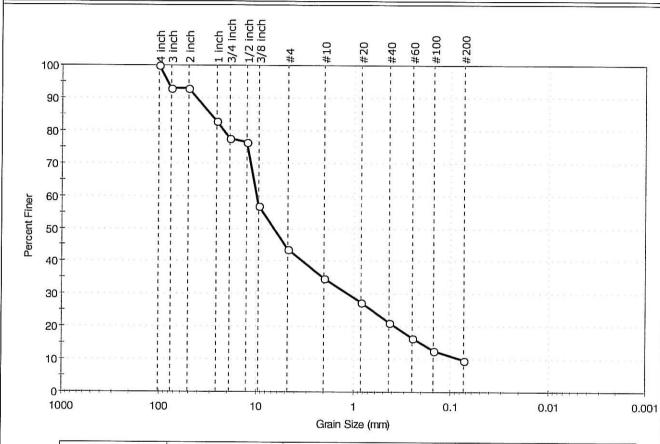
Depth:

Sample ID:P1-3

Sample Description: Dry,dark reddish gray gravel with silt and sand

Sample Comment: ---

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	%Sand	% Silt & Clay Size	
7.0	49.3	34.0	9.7	

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
4 Inch	101.60	100		
3 Inch	76.10	93		-
2 Inch	50.80	93		
1 inch	25.70	83		
3/4 inch	19.00	78		(7710)
1/2 inch	12.70	76		- Contractor
3/8 Inch	9.51	57		
#4	4.75	44		
#10	2.00	35		
#20	0.84	28		100
#40	0.42	21		
#60	0.25	16		
#100	0.15	13		
#200	0.074	10		
		4-100	9 19 19 19 19	

<u>Coefficients</u>			
D ₈₅ =29.5747 mm	$D_{30} = 1.1323 \text{ mm}$		
D ₆₀ =9.9642 mm	D ₁₅ =0.2070 mm		
D ₅₀ = 6.6222 mm	$D_{10} = 0.0803 \text{ mm}$		
$C_u = 124.087$	$C_c = 1.602$		

ASTM N/A Classification

AASHTO Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape: ANGULAR



Location: Newburyport, Ma Boring ID: ---

Sample Type: bag Test Date:

Project No: Tested By: mll

GTX-7199

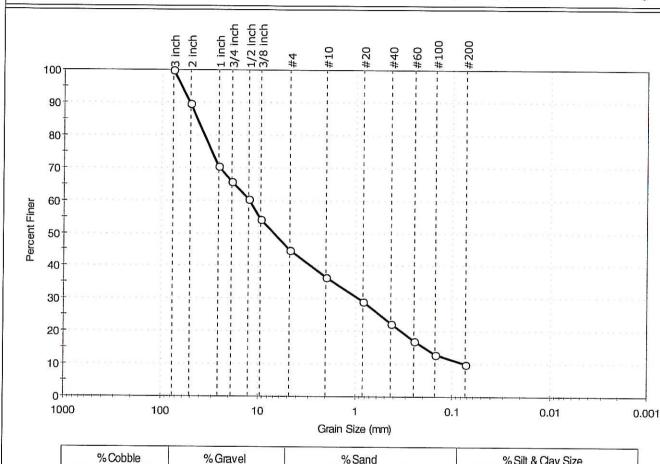
Sample ID:P1-6 12/21/06 Checked By: mcm Test Id: 104954

Depth: ---Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, very dark gray, gravel with silt and sand

Sample Comment:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	%Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
	55.2	34.8	10.0

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
3 Inch	76.10	100		
2 inch	50.80	90		
1 inch	25.70	71		
3/4 inch	19.00	66		
1/2 Inch	12.70	60		W
3/8 inch	9.51	54		
#4	4.75	45		-
#10	2.00	37		
#20	0.84	29		
#40	0.42	22		
#60	0.25	17		
#100	0.15	13	E	- William III
#200	0.074	10		

Coefficients			
D ₈₅ =42.8454 mm	$D_{30} = 0.9274 \text{ mm}$		
D ₆₀ = 12.4263 mm	D ₁₅ =0.1941 mm		
D ₅₀ = 6.9598 mm	$D_{10} = 0.0749 \text{ mm}$		
C _u =165.905	$C_c = 0.924$		

Classification <u>ASTM</u> N/A Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape: ANGULAR



Location: Newburyport, Ma

Boring ID: --- Sample Type: bag

Sample ID:P1-9 Test Date: Depth: --- Test Id:

Test Id: 104955

12/21/06

Tested By: mll
Checked By: mcm

Project No:

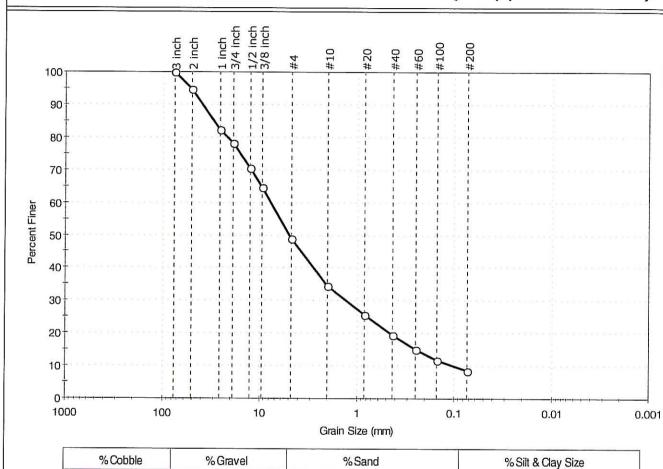
GTX-7199

Depth: ---Test Comment: ---

Sample Description: Dry,light brownish gray, gravel with silt and sand

Sample Comment: ---

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	%Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
=	51.0	40.4	8.6

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
3 Inch	76.10	100		
2 inch	50.80	95		
1 inch	25.70	82		
3/4 inch	19.00	78		
1/2 Inch	12.70	71		
3/8 Inch	9.51	65		-
#4	4.75	49		
#10	2.00	35		
#20	0.84	26		
#4 0	0.42	20		The second property
#60	0.25	15		
#100	0.15	12		
#200	0.074	9		11779 H-1117 H)

<u>Coefficients</u>					
D ₈₅ =29.9593 mm	$D_{30} = 1.2870 \text{ mm}$				
$D_{60} = 7.7178 \text{ mm}$	D ₁₅ =0.2446 mm				
D ₅₀ =4.9720 mm	D ₁₀ =0.1025 mm				
$C_u = 75.296$	$C_c = 2.094$				

<u>ASTM</u>	Classification N/A	
<u>AASHTO</u>	Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))	

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



Newburyport, Ma

Sample Type: bag

Project No: Tested By:

GTX-7199

Boring ID: ---Sample ID:P16-3

Test Date: Test Id: 104956

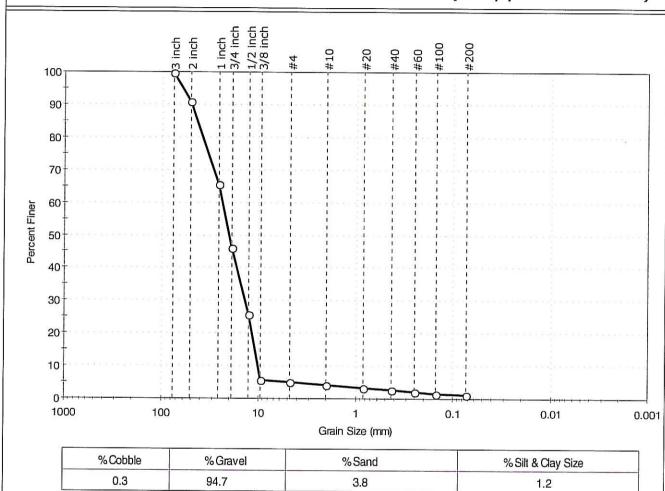
12/20/06 Checked By: mcm

Depth: Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, very dark reddish gray, gravel

Sample Comment:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
3 Inch	76.10	100		
2 inch	50.80	91		
1 inch	25.70	65		
3/4 Inch	19.00	46		
1/2 inch	12.70	26		
3/8 Inch	9.51	6		-
#4	4.75	5		
#10	2.00	4		
#20	0.84	3	-	
#40	0.42	3		58W 15
#60	0.25	2		
#100	0.15			

Coefficients			
D ₈₅ =43.3267 mm	D ₃₀ =13.8568 mm		
D ₆₀ = 23.6012 mm	D ₁₅ =10.9039 mm		
D ₅₀ = 20.2014 mm	$D_{10} = 10.1447 \text{ mm}$		
$C_u = 2.326$	$C_c = 0.802$		

<u>ASTM</u>	<u>Classification</u> Poorly graded gravel (GP)
<u>AASHTO</u>	Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape: ANGULAR

Sand/Gravel Hardness: HARD

0.074



Location: Newburyport, Ma

Sample Type: bag

Project No: Tested By: GTX-7199

Boring ID: ---Sample ID:P16-6 Depth: ---

Test Date: Test Id: 12/20/06 C

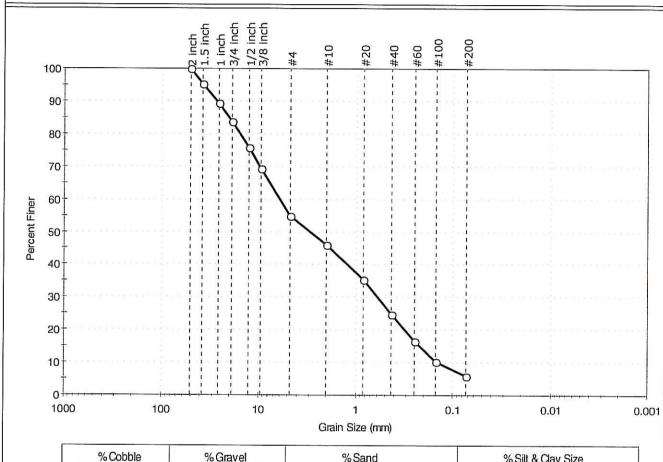
Tested By: mll Checked By: mcm

Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, gray sand with silt and gravel

Sample Comment: ---

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
_	45.2	48.9	5.9

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
2 Inch	50.80	100		
1.5 inch	38.10	95		
1 Inch	25.70	90		******
3/4 inch	19.00	84		
1/2 Inch	12.70	76		
3/8 inch	9.51	69		
#4	4.75	55		1915
#10	2.00	46		_
#20	0.84	35		
#40	0.42	25		
#60	0.25	17		
#100	0.15	10		
#200	0.074	6		

<u>Coefficients</u>				
D ₈₅ =20.1980 mm	$D_{30} = 0.5961 \text{ mm}$			
D ₆₀ =6.0904 mm	D ₁₅ =0.2199 mm			
D ₅₀ = 2.9544 mm	$D_{10} = 0.1409 \text{ mm}$			
$C_u = 43.225$	$C_c = 0.414$			

ASTM N/A

AASHTO Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



Newburyport, Ma

Sample Type: bag Test Date:

Project No: Tested By:

GTX-7199

Boring ID: ---Sample ID:P16-9

Test Id: 104958

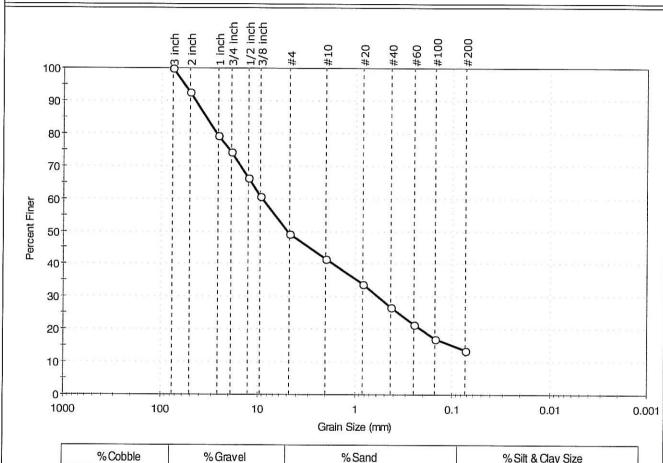
12/19/06 Checked By: mcm

Depth: Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, brown, sandy gravel with sand

Sample Comment:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
_	50.6	35.9	13.5

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
3 inch	76.10	100		
2 Inch	50.80	93		***
1 inch	25.70	79		
3/4 inch	19.00	74		
1/2 inch	12.70	67		
3/8 inch	9.51	61		
#4	4.75	49		To a second
#10	2.00	42		
#20	0.84	34		
#40	0.42	27		1. J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
#60	0.25	21		
#100	0.15	17		
#200	0.074	13		

Coe	<u>efficients</u>
D ₈₅ =34.3378 mm	$D_{30} = 0.5716 \text{ mm}$
D ₆₀ =9.0579 mm	D ₁₅ =0.1005 mm
D ₅₀ =4.9258 mm	D ₁₀ = 0.0364 mm
$C_u = N/A$	$C_c = N/A$

Classification **ASTM** N/A **AASHTO** Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



Newburyport, Ma

104959

Project No:

GTX-7199

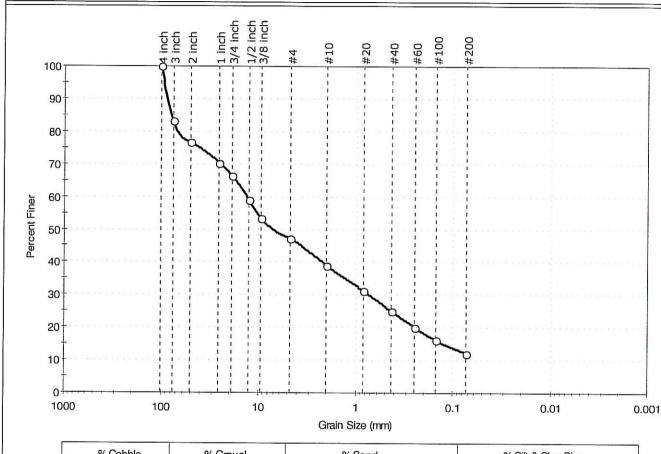
Boring ID: ---Tested By: Sample Type: bag Test Date: Sample ID:P16-12 12/19/06 Checked By: mcm Depth: Test Id:

Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, brown, silty gravel with sand

Sample Comment:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
16.8	36.0	35.0	12.2

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
4 inch	101.60	100		
3 Inch	76.10	83	-	W-1
2 inch	50.80	77		
1 inch	25.70	70		
3/4 inch	19.00	66		
1/2 inch	12.70	59		
3/8 inch	9.51	53		
#4	4.75	47		
#10	2.00	39		
#20	0.84	31		-
#40	0.42	25		
#60	0.25	20		
#100	0.15	16		
#200	0.074	12		5 ¹¹ (5 (1))

Coefficients				
D ₈₅ =78.4842 mm	D ₃₀ =0.7325 mm			
D ₆₀ = 13.4081 mm	$D_{15} = 0.1220 \text{ mm}$			
D ₅₀ = 6.5124 mm	D ₁₀ =0.0494 mm			
Cu =N/A	$C_c = N/A$			

Classification **ASTM** N/A AASHTO Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape : ANGULAR



a subsidiary of Geocomp Corporation

Client: Geocomp Consulting Project: Crow Lane Landfill

Newburyport, Ma Project No: Boring ID: ---Sample Type: bag Tested By: mll Sample ID:P16-15 Test Date: 12/18/06 Checked By: mcm

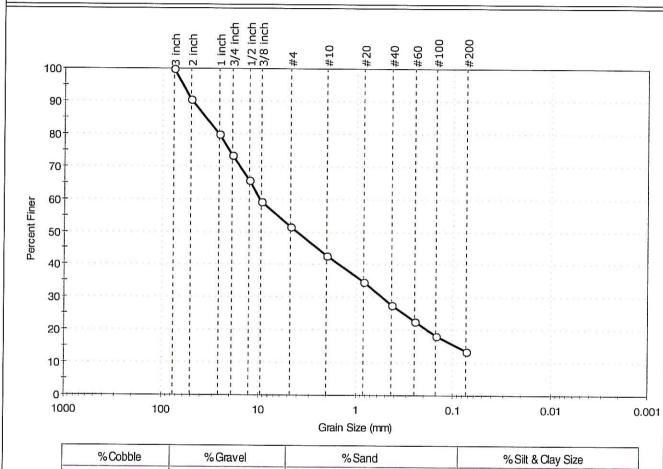
Depth: Test Id: 104960 Test Comment:

Sample Description: Dry, brown, silty gravel with sand

Sample Comment:

Location:

Particle Size Analysis - ASTM D 422-63 (reapproved 2002)



% Cobble	% Gravel	% Sand	% Silt & Clay Size
	48.3	38.0	13.7

Sieve Name	Sieve Size, mm	Percent Finer	Spec. Percent	Complies
3 Inch	76.10	100		
2 inch	50.80	90		
1 inch	25.70	80		
3/4 Inch	19.00	74		
1/2 Inch	12.70	66		
3/8 Inch	9.51	59		
#4	4.75	52		
#10	2.00	43		
#20	0.84	35		
#40	0.42	28		
#60	0.25	23		
#100	0.15	18		
#200	0.074	14	-	1111104

<u>Coefficients</u>	
D ₈₅ = 35.7373 mm	$D_{30} = 0.5238 \text{ mm}$
D ₆₀ = 9.8323 mm	D ₁₅ =0.0909 mm
D ₅₀ = 4.0197 mm	$D_{10} = 0.0410 \text{ mm}$
$C_u = N/A$	$C_c = N/A$

GTX-7199

Classification **ASTM** N/A AASHTO Stone Fragments, Gravel and Sand (A-1-a (0))

<u>Sample/Test Description</u> Sand/Gravel Particle Shape: ANGULAR